



HENRI F. MIDDLETON,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 25, 1856.

AMERICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
MILLARD FILLMORE,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
ANDREW J. DONELSON,
OF TENNESSEE.

Of Sales, advertised in the Shelby News, and by bills printed at the News Office.

AT PRIVATE SALE:
Farm of W. W. Parrish. See advertisement.
J. H. W. Gil's very desirable Farm, near Clayville. See advertisement.
Farm of Lucinda D. Layton, dec'd. See advertisement.
Farm of W. S. Willis. See advertisement.
Two Farms in Spencer county. See advertisement.
Of Daniel Nowlin and James Resnor.

AT PUBLIC SALE:
June 26: Some fine blooded stock by John Card, of Fayette county. See advertisement.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Read all the cards under the head of Special Notices.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Dissolution. By a notice in to-day's issue, the reader will see, that Shelby Vannatta has sold out his interest in, and withdrawn from the firm of John P. Allen & Co.; and that the business will be continued by J. P. Allen and E. Hickman.

Fourth of July. On the 4th of July, the celebration of the anniversary of the Declaration of Independence will be observed by the Literary Societies of Centre College. We hope they will have an auspicious day, and recommend every body to go.

Kentucky Female College. Parents and Guardians are referred to the prospectus of the Kentucky Female College, which is published in to-day's issue. The prospectus is regarded as equal to that of the most Schools.

Chambers and Glass Ware Auction. We refer all readers to the advertisement of Thomas D. Morton, who opened on Tuesday afternoon the 24th, his auction room, to dispose of a large stock of very superior China, Glassware, Fancy Goods, &c. &c. We think on examination, it will be found that he has some fine ware as never before.

The sale was intended to open on Monday last; but, owing to the indisposition of Mr. Morton it was postponed until Tuesday. Mr. Morton invites the citizens of Shelbyville and vicinity, and the public generally, to call and examine for themselves. He feels assured that they will find it the finest stock of Goods ever offered at auction, or otherwise, in this place. All of which will be sold without reserve to the highest bidder. The sale will continue from day to day until the stock is closed out.

Barbecue. Dr. E. P. O'Neill gives notice of a Barbecue at Greenburg—late Hardinsville—on the 4th proximo. See the advertisement in another column.

Holloway's Pills. A Cure for Sick Headache and Bile.—William Kerner, of Dover, Maine, writes, "I have suffered from Sick Headache and Bile for many years, and have tried every remedy, but have never found relief. I have used Holloway's Pills, and have been cured. I feel as if I should never again be troubled with this complaint." The pills are sold by all druggists.

Our Correspondents. He will have to get up earlier in the morning, before he "comes the giraffe" over us. The telegraph itself, could hardly manage to get a message to us twenty-four hours ahead of time. His letter is dated, "Enon Valley, Penn., June 17, 1856;" professes to be mailed at "Cincinnati, June 17;" and we had it in our possession, at 10 o'clock, a. m., June 17! Besides, its representations about Buchanan's popularity, and the favor with which his nomination is received, are all "go." We know better. Buchanan carries Pennsylvania. The two most popular men in the State, are James Buchanan and William F. Johnson; and neither, personally, can command 1,000 votes; nor can parties rally a majority for either, by 50,000. Mark, what we say.

The fact is, "A Kentuckian" shows himself to be a first rate anti-American blower, full of gas, and full of letting it off with a great noise. In assertions too, he is a proficient. He has no doubt adopted some KENTUCKIAN motto: "make assertions, and stick to them; for a lie well stuck to, is as effective as a truth."

Apprentices. We desire to take two or three Boys, of from 14 to 16 years of age, as Apprentices to the Printing Business. Early application must be made.

It has just been said, that the Printing Office is the best College a studious and industrious boy can graduate in. With a fair English education, and in three or four years, more practical information, and a better general knowledge of business life, will be obtained, than by ten to fifteen years in College.

Thomasson Council. The members of the American Party, and all favorable to the Principles of the Party, and the election of MILLARD FILLMORE, are requested to meet at the Court House, in Shelbyville, on Thursday evening, the 26th instant, at 7 o'clock. A full attendance of the members of the Council is extremely requested.

A Large Gold Key Lost. On the 16th or 17th instant, between Shelbyville and Greenburg, the Blacksmith's shop, a large gold WATCH KEY was lost. It is marked one side "G. B. P." on the other "E. F. P." It was the gift of a deceased brother to the owner, and therefore highly valued. The finder will be liberally rewarded, on leaving it at Armstrong's Hotel, Shelbyville, Ky.

Mineral Water.—Our friend, Mr. GEORGE W. RANNEY, sent us last week several bottles of very superior MINERAL WATER. It was quite refreshing, after the dust and heat of one of those blistering hot days. Mr. R. keeps on hand a supply; also, of all kinds of Confectionaries.

Chestnut Grove.—By a letter from Hon. H. H. T. KING, First Assistant Post Master General, to Hon. H. H. T. KING, which is in our possession, we are informed, that Dr. JAMES LOWERY has been appointed Postmaster at Chestnut Grove, near Mr. B. F. Bookers, resigned.

The mail route from Shelbyville to LaGrange, via Chestnut Grove has also been revived; and we understand, been let. In a week or two, therefore, we may anticipate having mail communication reestablished between the county seat and the north-western section of the county.

Purify your Blood.—It has been a long established rule, and "one attended with the very best results," to take a good medicine during the spring and summer months. The human system undergoes a marked change at these periods—cutaneous diseases become developed—the liver assumes a torpid action—the blood requires cleansing, and the whole body demands a decided tonic impression. Hurley's Sarsaparilla is the medicine to be used, and let no one be deceived in taking any other.—St. Louis Herald.

Our readers must not be surprised, if on Monday next, the 30th instant, there should occur fearful scenes of bloodshed in the U. S. House of Representatives. The report on the Brooks' case is the order for that day; and the Southern members have said his conduct shall not be censured. On the contrary, men who are for expelling Brooks will go to the House determined to speak freely, and bravely the consequences.

The American Party.—The rise, progress, and success of the American Party are equalled only by the power, beauty, and truth of its principles. It is now scarcely three years since it had its advent. Wise patriots who saw the danger ahead, and the imperative necessity for advertising it, formed the determination to execute a plan to check the impetus and influence of foreign immigration and the insidious evils of foreign Papacy. The American heart, from Maine to California, responded with a throb of approbation. The voice of patriotism joined in shouting welcome to the enterprise with such promptitude, and in such notes of harmony, as showed there was a dormant, but lively, feeling ready for action—there was a feeling, conscious of the necessity for some energetic and decisive movement, sleeping deep down in the breasts of Americans, which needed only to be touched by the voice of warning, in order to startle it into noisy utterance. That feeling has been touched by the voice of sympathy, following the cord which unites the hearts of Americans from one section to another; and all along the line, from North to South—from East to West, one universal response has reverberated through the land—"Americans shall rule America."

This sound has been taken up and echoed and reechoed, until it now fills the ears of joyous Americans with delight, as it comes upon every breeze; and it tingles and burns in the ears of anti-Americans, like the death-dealing sirocco.

The isolated fact of such unprecedented success—such warm and heart-gushing approbation—is, of itself, sufficient evidence of the rectitude of the movement. The men of America are not to be stirred into boiling commotion, or harrassed into a revolution of parties, by the flimsy pretexts, and vulgar appeals of demagogues. Such things may do for the volatile and impulsive Frank, or the hot-blooded Hungarian, writhing under the thongs of the Austrian lash. But republican America sees no treason in dreams, and hears no revolution in the sighing winds. Americans may worship a songstress, or eulogize a demagogue, or feast and carouse a foreign hero, and humbug themselves for a season. But when it comes to political action and political association, their stern independence, native good sense and intelligence, are too strong to be wafted about by every wind of doctrine. The blood that boiled in the veins of revolutionary heroes, is yet coursing the veins of their posterity; but it does not lack the cooling influence which was ever present to regulate its temperature, and guide the judgement of the men who made and saved our country.

A furor about a songstress; an enthusiasm about a religion; a spirit of mobocracy about a private or public outrage, may burst forth, and lead and drive Americans into follies, indiscretions, and even crimes, for a short season. But when their political faith is addressed, their country's good involved, and a new political scheme devised and submitted to them, there is no phrenzied shout of approval, nor hiss of disapprobation. If their judgement yields to its propriety, expediency, and necessity, they join it firmly, determinedly, and with hearts honestly convinced, and nerves fully braced by the strength of their judgements.

If they disapprove, the demagogue soon finds it whispered to him by the breath of rumor, or feels it in the look, tone, and manner of the populace. The truth is, there is an American wisdom—an innate, vernacular sense, in the minds of our people, planted there by a wise and approving God,—which is intended to capacitate them for a quick comprehension of approaching danger, and the necessity of action, that the destiny of this nation—this grand scheme of perpetuating a pure and powerful Government—may, for wise ends, be accomplished.

Though three short years number its history, thousands upon thousands have gathered within the lines of the American Party, and have marched with triumph to victory after victory, and now numbers are giving in their adhesion to the policy of the party. It is true, it has met with reverses, and with opposition. In many cases "Sam" marched with such a slow and silent tread into the precincts of the enemy, that whilst they slept he stole the locks from their crowns, and deprived them of their strength. At other times, they were more cautious, and rallied with every known ism, except Americanism, and vanquished the Americans.—But, what adventure, what scheme, what measure for advancing, and smothering a man's denunciation, has not met with opposition, denunciation, and temporary periods of dependency, and even defeat? Every grand project for man's good, every invention for man's improvement, and every political measure has met with difficulties, with sneers, doubts—traducers and enemies. Times of gloom overhung COLUMBUS in his grand enterprise for discovering a continent;—men of learning laughed at him as a booby. FULTON and FITCH were looked upon as puffs of steam, whose memories would go off in exhalations of smoke generated by their own folly. The idea of talking to men from one end of the continent to the other, by means of electricity, was viewed as the emanation of the feverish and heated brain of an enthusiast. Every grand work need time;—must have its enemies;—must fight its way into being;—must be schooled in the tribulation of adversity, before its strength can be tested, or its merits investigated and understood. But with all the jealousy, bitter hatred, and vituperous denunciation the American Party has had to endure, from all the parties, isms and factions, it has stood its ground nobly, and firmly and steadily worked its way into respectability and formidable importance. No history shows such magical and well proportioned growth, on American soil, of a party having in view a radical transformation in the condition and status of parties in our country. The denunciations of its secrecy, its alleged proscriptive tendencies, and abolitionism; and the misrepresentations and

accusations that it has had to endure from the most unscrupulous of all parties;—charges of treason, murder, conspiracy, and rebellion,—have not sufficed to curb its energetic purpose, nor alarm it from its upward progress. If in three short years it gives such evidences of alarm to its enemies, and such strength and maturity has been imparted to its muscles and sinews, what hopeful hearts and joyous anticipations should possess its friends! Nerve our arms and renew our efforts, and victory is ours!

The advent of the American Party was not heralded by flaming handbills, and vociferous appeals to the passions of the people; nor were any of the appliances of humbugger resorted to, to excite a feeling of phrensy. No prejudices were appealed to; no rewards offered; no revenge proposed.—But quietly and humbly the intents of the party were communicated to men of all parties, and before the world was aware of any organization, it sprang into our midst, full grown, well formed,—startling the old parties into a consciousness of danger. Its aims and its principles were so apparent, and so true, and so just, that to mention them to American ears, called from American hearts voices responsive to their justice.

Let enemies denounce us.—We feed upon the hate of others, and grow fat upon their bitter slang. Let defeat stagger us for a time: we know no such word as "yield." Let other parties bargain, intrigue, and compromise: we have strength, youth, growing prospects and bright hopes, and will win the victory,—now, and in all time to come. If we should fail in our first effort, we know the strength and justice of our cause too well either to despair, or despond. "Hope never dies;" and Justice and Truth will ever triumph. For one repulse,—no, nor a dozen,—will the American Party forego the purposes they have resolved to effect. They know, that, "Freedom's battle, once begun, though baffled off, is ever won."

Mr. E. R. Campbell.—See card of the friends of this gentleman.

Archibald Dixon.—This man, like Col. PAXTON, never was a CLAY Whig. He joined the Whig party, because, at the time, it was overwhelmingly the great Party of the State, and held the offices within its control.—But he ever exhibited an overweening jealousy to CLAY, CRITTENDEN, LETCHER, DAVIS, and other great Statesmen of the Commonwealth. Their talents overshadowed him; and his hatred was so often manifested, that he was ever mounting and riding some hobby to death, to bring his name before the people. "Reform," "New Constitution," "Election Judiciary," "Abolitionism" and every thing that would do to raise a dust with, was brought into requisition by "Shilly-Shalling Archie." He was never counted upon, when in the Legislature, when parizan questions were to be decided. He never had the confidence of the Whigs of the State;—hence his defeat for Governor by LAZ. W. POWELL. His advocacy of Mr. CLAY's vile defamer and libeler, BUCHANAN, is about the only piece of consistency he was ever guilty of.

All this is to prove that Washington was a Know Nothing, we presume. If he was one, he was not an honest man.

If [Washington] held the doctrine of the Know Nothing party he was dishonest.—Louisville Democrat.

Such is the comment of the "Louisville Democrat," on the letters of WASHINGTON, in opposition to the employment of foreigners in offices of trust and profit.

The "Democrat" commits two outrages in the two sentences,—or rather, two in each of the sentences. One is the gross and vulgar insult implied to all Americans—"Know-Nothings," in the language of the "Democrat,"—that they are dishonest men! Now, readers, all of you are dishonest, if you are Americans! If you believe in amending or altering the naturalization laws, you are dishonest! If you are for curbing the wily and blasting influence of the Pope of Rome, you are dishonest! If you are for snatching from the ugly mug of a mouth of the "Democrat" the government pay, you are dishonest! Yes, men as far above the ex-prophet Editor of the "Democrat" in purity, as the angels in heaven are above the Prince of Darkness, are branded by his venomous pen as dishonest!—Men as far above him in patriotism and intelligence as the Father he slanders is now and always will be above him in purity, are stigmatized by him as dishonest!

—But the foulest insult is that to the memory of WASHINGTON. The "Democrat" cannot prove that WASHINGTON was not friendly to American policy, as now advocated. It scorns history, ignores facts, and raves at principle. And in its rage at being unable to refute the claim Americans have upon the name of WASHINGTON in their cause, it turns, like a whipped cur flying from its pursuers, and snarls and bites and slobbers on every thing that impedes his flight under difficulties. WASHINGTON dishonest! if he was an American—"Know Nothing!" About as tasteful a sentiment as the backguard abolition infidel uttered, when it was proved to him that the Bible sanctioned Slavery.—"If," said he, "God is an advocate of Slavery, or His Word sanctions it, He is a wicked God, and sanctions a hellish sin."

Here it is, in the nineteenth century, the name of WASHINGTON,—the Hero of the Country's History—the grand centre column of our political structure,—is to be spit upon, stained with the foul breath of opposing politicians with the epithet of "dishonest!" To such straits are worshippers of false gods and foreign perfidy reduced. If such is the fate of patriotism, fame and popularity such as WASHINGTON deserved and won, we may well exclaim with COWPER:

Enthusiasm, thus of self-inflation;
Bouncing off moderation and of reason;
Then turns to hate, as enemies and as fierce.

On the 16th instant, the convicts in the Indiana penitentiary revolted against their keepers, and endeavored to get out.—They fired one of the buildings, and considerable loss—about \$15,000 to \$20,000 resulted therefrom. The flames and the insubordination were finally subdued.—On the next day about thirty-five of the convicts were well whipped.

Gov. WATSON, of Indiana, made an anti-American speech to the anti American Democratic Convention, at LaGrange, on the 16th instant. We think his Free Soil Excellency had better stay at home, and attend to his official duties. Kentuckians should treat with scorn and contempt the intermeddling of a man who has, like Gov. WATSON, exhausted the billingsgate vocabulary in his abuse of Kentucky.

Reputed.—Old-time Democrats, North, East, South and West, are reputedly BUCHANAN. We have never witnessed such a universal stampede among prominent papers and leading men, as the blue-light Federalist—Ten Cent Jimmy, has occasioned. We had prepared a list for publication; but it is so extensive, even thus early, that we cannot find room for it. Go it, ye anti-American Federalist!

—FILLMORE rules the day. The die is cast. The nomination of BUCHANAN on Friday was the certain foreshadowing of his overwhelming defeat!

The Whigs and the anti-American Democrats.—The organs and leaders of the anti-American Democracy argue very ingeniously for the support of Southern old line Whigs; and, we are sorry to see, that some of the latter aid and abet them in their fallacies. They say, the great question of the day, with Southern men, is the slavery question; that the position of BUCHANAN is pro-slavery, and the South Democratic, —ergo, they must support him against the Black Republicans. All this betrays a great weakness. It takes too much for granted. Whigs who talk thus suffer themselves to be seduced under the plea that they are to be ravished. They reason upon the principle, that "if Mahomet will not go to the mountain, the mountain must go to Mahomet."—The Democrats will not come to us; therefore, we must go to the Democrats; at least we feel and know that Mr. FILLMORE is sound and conservative upon the slavery question, and devoted to the maintenance of the harmony and union of the States.

But, what is the position of FILLMORE and BUCHANAN,—the two pro-slavery candidates, if you please? BUCHANAN shows a record tainted with Free Soilism,—dyed in Abolitionism. His blots and blurs are calculated to arouse the doubts and fears of every Southern patriot. He has been wavering and dubious in his adherence to the policy of the South. He is untrue, as a National man.

MILLARD FILLMORE presents a record in no way tarnished by blots; in no line subject to caviol or criticism from the most ardent devotee to Slavery policy. He stood upon deck when the ship of State was tossed and beat upon by the heaviest waves of passion; and, dauntless and fearless, defied the breakers from the North and the South. He stood firmly by the compromise measures.—He put forth his utmost strength in the maintenance of those laws, including the fugitive slave law, and decapitated every traitor to the South. To the protection of the property of the South, he bent the same noble energies that a JACKSON, or a TAYLOR have brought to bear. At no time, during his pure and able Administration,—marked as it was by a period of intense slavery excitement, did he allow his locality, or the views of the men of his locality, to move him a hair's breadth from his stand upon the Constitution. The taunts, the jeers, the threats, and the rage of his fellow statesmen of the North were as idle wind to him, when they sought to call or to drive him in a different direction than the calls of his oath and the Constitution.

Then, if it be true, that the slavery question is, in this canvass, the absorbing one in your view, why hit upon JAMES BUCHANAN, whose connection with this question is involved, so far as he has had any connection with it, to say the least, in mist and obscurity,—whose antecedents evince the bitter hatred to the institution of slavery? Why not challenge the Southern anti-American Democracy—the Mahomet,—to come to you, the mountain,—and support the man, whose wisdom, prudence, and firmness have been tried in this very question, in a grand emergency, and in no particular found unequal to the task? You yield too much in your concessions. It is the only issue, do not say, "anti-American Democracy is in the ascendant in the South."—FILLMORE stands no chance; therefore we pro-slavery men must go for BUCHANAN. But, say to the anti-American Democrats, that, if this is the issue, we present MILLARD FILLMORE, whose Administration is a late and living test of the power and purity with which he acted upon this great question, and we demand you pro-slavery Democrats to lay aside all your prejudices, and go for the man against whom the breath of envy nor party malice could not, nor cannot, utter a complaint, on account of his action in that regard.

—This is sufficient for your argument; and if they present any argument to prove BUCHANAN a better pro-slavery man than FILLMORE, go with them. If not, you are bound by your own reasoning to support FILLMORE. The truth is, this clap-trap bullying of the South into supporting an anti-American Democrat,—nominated by Northern men, against the wishes of the Southern delegates to the Convention,—upon the plea of slavery, is the most arrant presumption. It is fraud, hypocrisy, chicanery, foolery,—down right swindling and roguery. No man, with good judgement and honest views, can give in to any such sentiment.

The Present Issue.—We told our friends to look for this issue of the Shelby News: Have we not given them one of the numbers that will do to stand by? This is but an earnest of what we shall do, during the campaign. Let every body subscribe for The Shelby News for the campaign. We want five thousand campaign subscribers.

Judge Marshall.—In this issue Hon. THOMAS A. MARSHALL is announced as a candidate for reelection to the station he has so long held and so highly honored.—Of his reelection we feel no doubt; still, we would press it upon the attention of all voters, that they should not forget to record their votes for him; or, peradventure, some man might succeed, in whom the people might not have confidence.

Send them Out.—Subscribers for The Shelby News for the campaign are coming in. Many are taking several copies to send to their friends, in Missouri, Indiana, Illinois, and other States. That is the way. Circulate the documents. The Shelby News is unquestionably one of the best newspapers published; and then where is the American paper that outranks it?—Can't be found.

We hope our friends will roll up large lists, and send them in by next Saturday.

Their Action.—We mentioned in our last week's issue, that the Black Republican Convention was in session at Philadelphia; and the Bolters from the American Convention of February last, with a few deluded followers, were holding a meeting in New York city. Both bodies, or at least their leaders, were Abolitionists and Free Soilers.—differing only in the degree of their hostility to the South. The Bolters first nominated N. P. BANKS, of Massachusetts, for President, and W. T. JOHNSTON, of Penn., for Vice President, hoping that the Black Republicans would nominate the same men. But the Black Republicans nominated J. C. FREMONT for President, and Mr. DAYTON of New Jersey for Vice President. The Bolters then withdrew BANKS and nominated FREMONT. A portion of the Bolters' convention, bolted on the nomination of BANKS, held a separate meeting, and nominated Com. STROCKTON for President, and Mr. RAYNER for Vice President. It is believed, that both these gentlemen will promptly decline the honor. (?)—Indeed, it is known, that Mr. RAYNER will.

The nomination of FREMONT is intended to assist the Prince of Free Soilers, BUCHANAN;—"Buck" being the favorite of Col. BENTON, BLAIR, the VAN BURENS, and their allies. But, we believe it will have the effect of giving every Northern State to FILLMORE. The Conservatives of the old parties will to a man throw their influence for the American nominees, whilst the office-holders and seekers, will go for BUCHANAN, and the sectionalists for FREMONT. The ultra Abolitionists will vote for their own ticket, GARRETT SMITH and McFARLAND.

Science Hill Female Academy.—Thirtieth Annual Examination.

To the Editor of the Shelby News:
MR. MIDDLETON: I cannot, consistently with my views of truth and justice, let this occasion pass, without requesting you to publish, for the general good, a short notice of the Examination of the Pupils of this Institution, ending June 19, 1856. And, as I intend to be as brief as I can, (waiting, as I am, at Frankfort, for the cars to Lexington,) I would just say, that good, great, and grand, as I know the two immediately preceding Annual Examinations to have been, yet Mrs. TEVIS has, this week, far excelled herself. In every branch of learning taught in this school, this year, in which her pupils were examined, they have evinced a most thorough training. Never has it been my privilege to witness so much of depth, variety and readiness of scholarship as was plainly to be seen and heard during the Examination just closed, embracing in its range History of the United States, Roman and Grecian Antiquities, Ancient Geography, Criticisms on Language, Botany, Chemistry, Algebra, Geometry, Astronomy, French in dialogues, French Geography in French, Moral Science, Mental Science, Music, instrumental and vocal, Drawing and Painting, and perhaps others, for there seemed no end to the number of studies, and nothing equal to the facility with which questions were answered.

The Compositions, written and read by the young ladies, were of a very high order generally, evincing native talent, and a cultivated mind, heart and taste, which, considering the age of the pupils and their time at school, have seldom been equalled, and, I very believe, never surpassed.

Every parent who witnessed this Examination, had good reason to rejoice that he or she had placed, or might place, their precious daughters, safely, in the hands of so able, so noble a lady, as Mrs. JULIA A. TEVIS.

Mrs. TEVIS is assisted by a corps of able Teachers as can probably be found in connection with any female college in the Union, viz: Mrs. Martin, Miss Haines, Dr. Tevis, and Prof. Kappes, who are themselves assisted by Mrs. Kappes, Miss Bayles, Miss Baldwin, Miss Hosland, Miss Lockwood, and Miss Reitz.

During the year just closed, 234 young ladies were in attendance, 17 of whom, (a most lovely and interesting class, on Thursday evening, June 19, passed from under the guardianship and control of the Principal, to assume the varied duties of life, and to make (I trust) the world wiser, better, and happier in consequence of their having been trained by Mrs. JULIA A. TEVIS. Their names I cannot now give, but they may be seen in the list of names of the Senior Class in the Catalogue. Where all were so nearly perfect, there is but little propriety in mentioning the name of any particular young lady composing a part of this lovely class; yet at some future time, I may give their characters fully, which I feel it would be a great pleasure to do.

I conclude by remarking, that America has furnished but one GEORGE WASHINGTON; England, but one HANNAH MOORE; France, but one NAPOLEON BONAPARTE; the Democratic party, but one ANDREW JACKSON; the Whig party, but one HENRY CLAY; and when these died, they left vacancies not yet filled; and when JULIA TEVIS shall be called from earth to Heaven to be crowned with eternal bliss, who will step in to fill her place? And echo answers—WHO?

GRANT.

Prof. E. R. Campbell.—Resolutions of Commencement.
Whereas, E. R. CAMPBELL has been our Teacher for the last two years, and his term having just closed, we deem it due him, as patrons of his school, to adopt the following resolutions, expressive of our kind feelings toward him:
1. Resolved, That we commend him for his deportment as a Teacher, while in our employ.
2. Resolved, That we have never had a more competent, kind, and industrious Teacher, than he; nor do we ever even a Teacher so beloved and respected by his Pupils.
3. Resolved, That although he closed his term while various false reports were being circulated in regard to the correctness of his Pupils, we would simply say, that none should circulate any of them, until they can bear a legal investigation of the same.
4. Resolved, That we would most warmly recommend him, as an industrious, intelligent, kind, and Christian man.
That should he find it consistent with his wishes to teach for us again, that we will pledge him our most hearty and welcome support.

THOS. C. GUTHRIE, A. S. FREDERICK, J. H. MIDDLETON, B. S. GRAHAM, GEO. H. STORTS, J. M. SHIPMAN, B. M. RECHMAN, C. R. THRELDKELD, F. M. MIDDLETON, J. C. STOUFFER, R. J. ARNETT, J. SHEPARD, W. C. MORTON, I. MARTIN.

Wood.—We are out of Wood.—Several persons have promised to pay us in wood; and we hope they will not delay in delivering it. It is absolutely needed.

Will you Not?—We have owing to us upwards of \$2,000,—mostly in sums ranging from \$4.00 to \$10. Now will each person who knows he is indebted to us, call, or send, and pay the amount of his indebtedness? We need now very much all that is owing to us. Will you not, friends, comply with this polite, but urgent request?

MARRIED.
In Louisville, on Thursday morning last, by Rev. W. W. Hill, D. D., Miss FRANCES MARSHALL, daughter of Dr. J. M. MARSHALL, of Shelby county, Ky., to Dr. VIRGIL MCDOWELL, of Shelby county, Ky.

On the 19th instant, by the Rev. W. L. Breckinridge, of Louisville, Dr. J. M. MARSHALL, of Shelby county, Ky., to Dr. D. B. WILLIAMS, of Carlisle, Ky.

DIED.
In Louisville, on the morning of the 23d instant, Mr. JOSEPH SIMPSON, in the 24th year of his age.

On the 16th of May last, at his residence in Buchanan county, Missouri, Mr. JAMES H. DIMMITT, formerly of Jefferson county, Ky., in the 36th year of his age.

New Advertisements.
Plant here your DREAMS—Reap there your DOLLARS.

DISSOLUTION.
The partnership heretofore existing between J. P. ALLEN & Co., in the manufacture of Rope, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Shelby Vannatta having sold his interest in said concern.

JOHN P. ALLEN, S. VANNATTA, SHESBYVILLE, June 14, 1856.

The business will be continued at the same place, under the same style, and will always pay the highest price in cash for hemp.

JOHN P. ALLEN & CO., June 25, 1856.

BARBECUE.
A BARBECUE will be given near the town of Greenburg, Shelby county, on the 2nd of July next. The best speakers of all parties are invited. The proprietor wishes it understood distinctly that neither dancing nor whiskey will be tolerated under any circumstances.

E. P. O'NEILL, M. D. Proprietor, Greenburg, (late Hardinsville) June 25, 1856.

"FOURTH OF JULY"
The Anniversary of the Declaration of American Independence will be celebrated by three LITERARY SOCIETIES OF CENTRE COLLEGE, conjointly, in the First Presbyterian Church of Lexington, Ky., on Wednesday, July 4th, 1856. The exercises, commencing at 10 o'clock, will consist of three orations in behalf of the Chamberlain and Athenian Societies. The evening exercises, beginning at 8 o'clock, will comprise three orations in behalf of the Athenian and Demagogic Societies.

Those who feel interested in the celebration of the "Glorious Fourth," are cordially invited to attend. Come one—come all!

JOHN MCDONALD, GEORGE SWEARINGEN, R. WAGGENER, JR., Danville, June 20, 1856.

AUCTION: AUCTION!
ON TUESDAY, JUNE 24, 1856, the sale of a LARGE STOCK OF FINE FRENCH PORCELAIN CHINA, BOHEMIAN CUT GLASS, FANCY GOODS, &c., will commence at the Store Room on Main Street, recently occupied by P. H. Light, at 2 o'clock, p. m., and continue from day to day, at the same hours, until the stock is closed out.

The Stock consists in part of the following articles: To-wit: gold and plain white Dining Sets; decorated, enameled, gold and plain white Tea Sets; sets of tea, coffee, and chocolate; Fruit Baskets, Card Receivers, Soap Turkeys, and Vegetable Dishes; Ice Cream and Salad Bowls; gold and white Pickle Dishes; also, fine China Flower Vases, Porcelain Marble Caskets, Tea and Coffee Sets, Metal Cups and Saucers, Copper and Metal Tea Pitches, Goblets, Tumblers, Coffee and Tea Caddies, &c.

BOHEMIAN CUT GLASS.—Decanters, Finger Bowls, Spoon Holders, Glass Bottles, Carafes, Goblets, Card Receivers, &c.

FANCY GOODS.—Eight day, alarm, and Thirty hour Clocks, Writing-Desks, Work-Boxes, Sets of Folio Cases, Port-Folio Cases, Cigar Cases, Pipes, also, Walking Cases with gold and silver heads; Table and Pocket Cutlery, Guitars, Violins, and many other articles too tedious to mention.

THE LADIES are respectfully invited to attend the sale. THOMAS D. MORTON, 1856.

KENTUCKY FEMALE COLLEGE, SHESBYVILLE, KY.—1856-57.

Rev. T. PALMER, A. M., President, and Professor of Mental and Moral Science.

Rev. J. W. GOODMAN, A. M., Professor of Ancient Languages.

J. L. CALDWELL, Esq., Professor of Political Science.

Miss MARY L. PALMER, Teacher of Mathematics.

Miss SUE TUCKER, Teacher of Natural Science.

Miss LUCY CALDWELL, Teacher of English Branches.

Miss EMILY DE VRY, Principal Primary Department.

Miss F. JOSEPH KENZLER, Prof. of Instrumental Music.

Miss E. P. KIRK ASSISTANT Teacher of Instrumental Music.

Mr. G. H. NASON, Teachers of Ornamental Penmanship.

Mr. E. B. NASON, Branches.

Terms—Per Session of Five Months: Board, including washing, lights, and fire in sleeping rooms, morning and night, \$50.00

Tuition in Primary Department, 10.00

Tuition, in Collegiate Department, (Junior Class), 16.00

